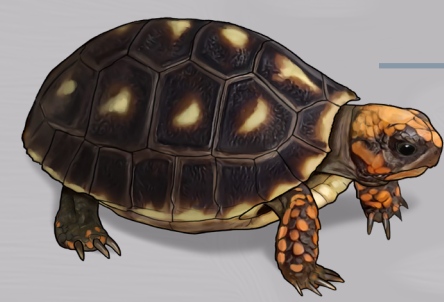
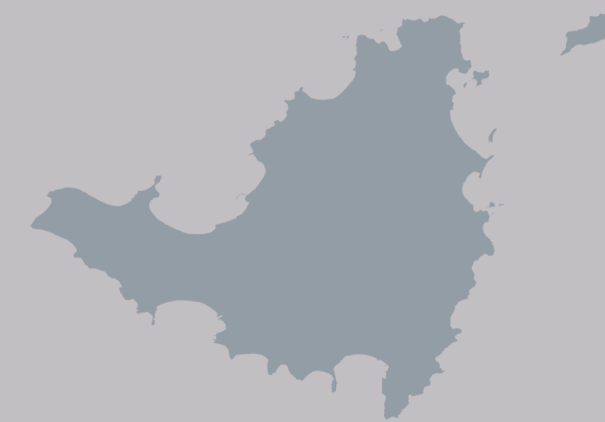


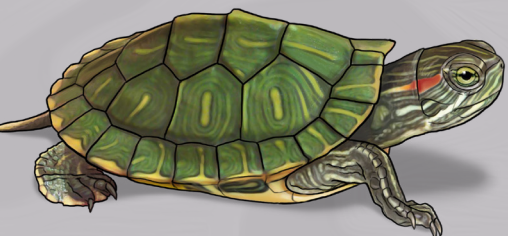
LES AMPHIBIENS ET LES REPTILES DE SAINT-MARTIN



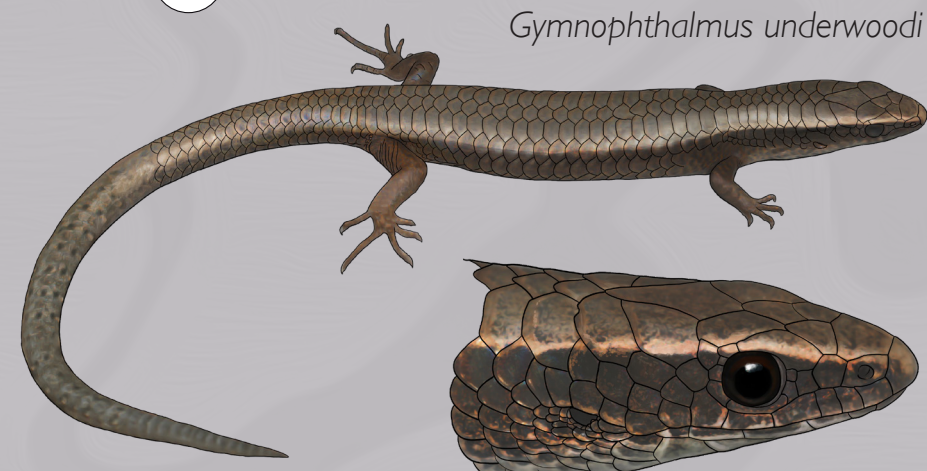
NA TORTUE CHARBONNIÈRE
Chelonoidis carbonarius



NA TRACHÉMYDE ÉCRITE
Trachemys scripta



NA GYMNOPHTHALME D'UNDERWOOD
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi



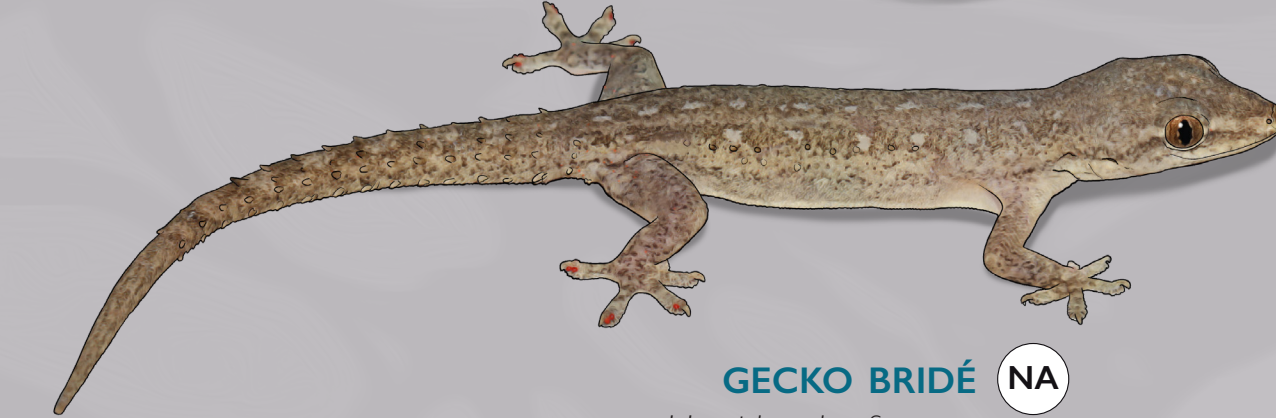
VU SCINQUE DU BANC D'ANGUILLA
Spondylurus powelli



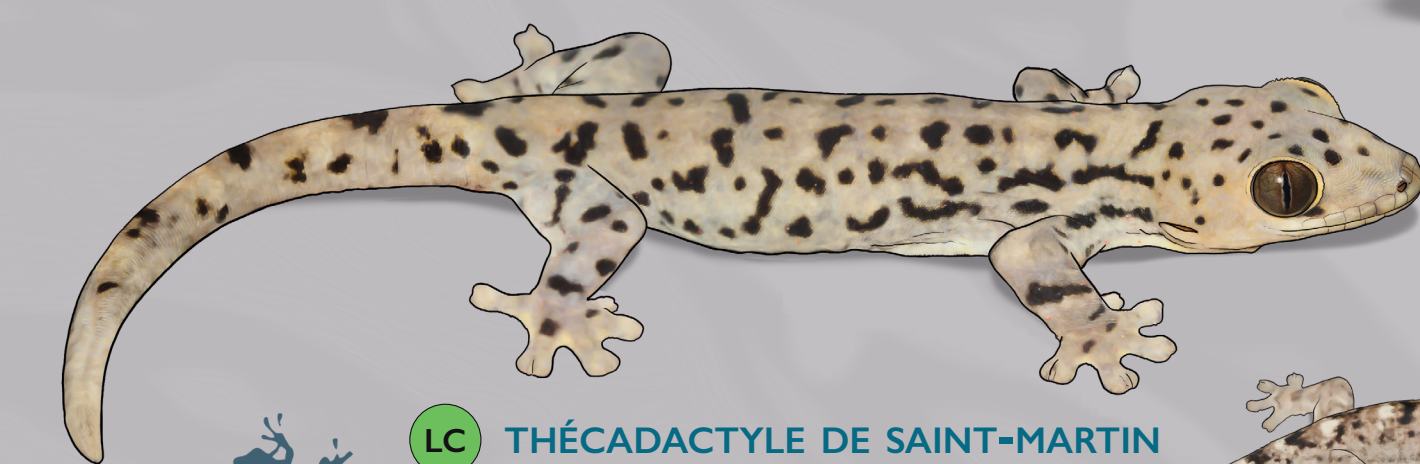
LC ANOLIS DE SAINT-MARTIN
Ctenonotus pogus



EN COULEUVRE DU BANC D'ANGUILLA
Alsophis rijgersmaei



GECKO BRIDÉ
Hemidactylus frenatus



LC THÉCADACTYLE DE SAINT-MARTIN
Thecadactylus oskrobapreinatorum



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Remerciements
Baptiste Angin, Karl Questel, Ombeline Sculfort, Elodie A. Courtois,
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partenariat avec Patrimoine. Des clés d'identification simplifiées et détaillées
sont disponibles gratuitement sur le site <http://lashforgherp-mel/>



NA RAINETTE DE CUBA
Osteopilus septentrionalis



NA ÉLEUTHÉRODUCTYLE
DE MONTSERRAT
Eleutherodactylus montserratae



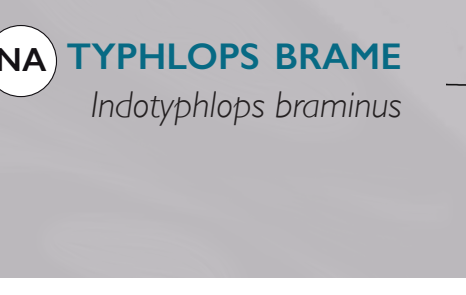
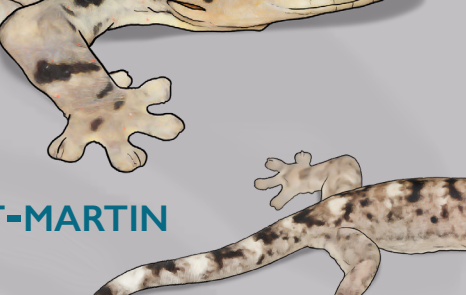
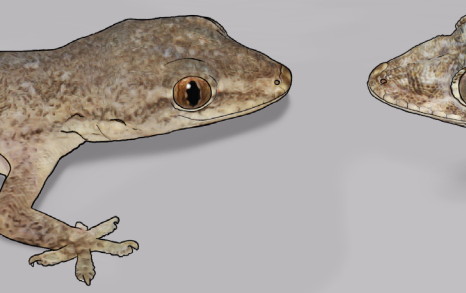
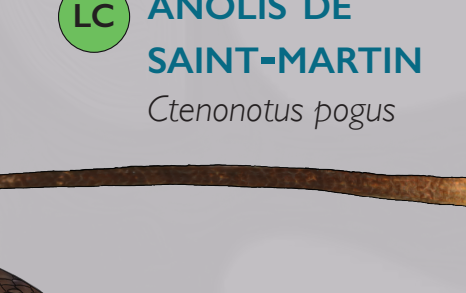
NA EUHYAS DES SERRES
Euhyas planirostris



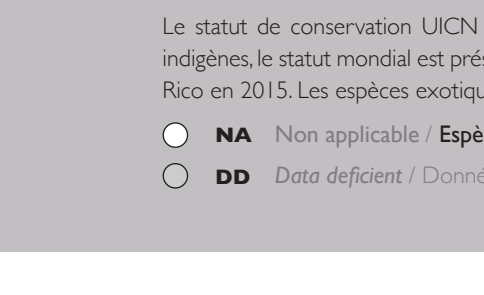
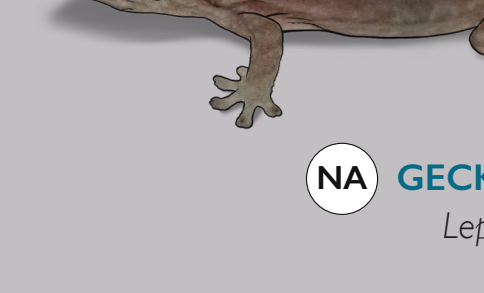
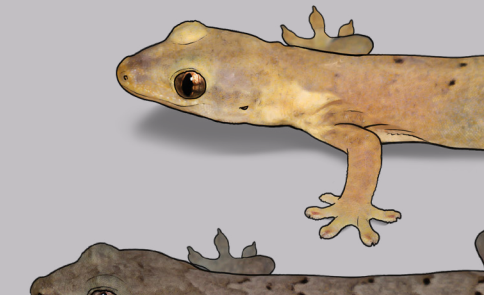
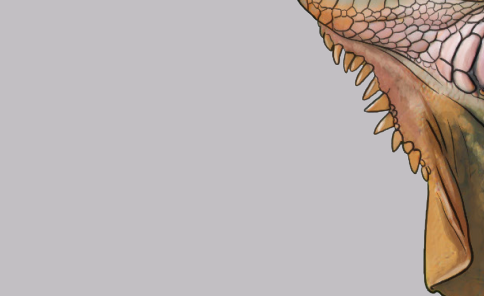
NA EUHYAS DES
ÎLES VIERGES
Euhyas lenta



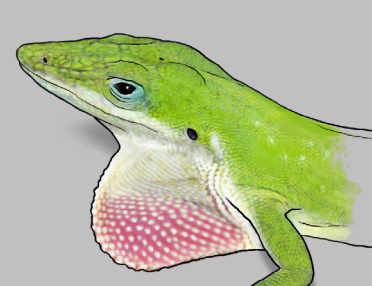
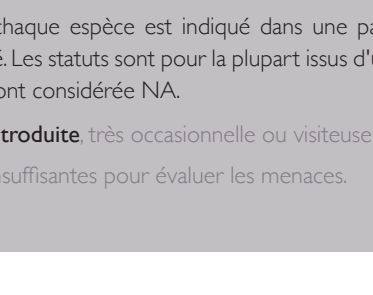
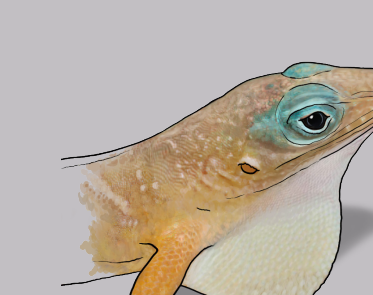
NA ANOLIS DE LA SAGRA
ANOLIS BRUN DE CUBA
Norops sagrei



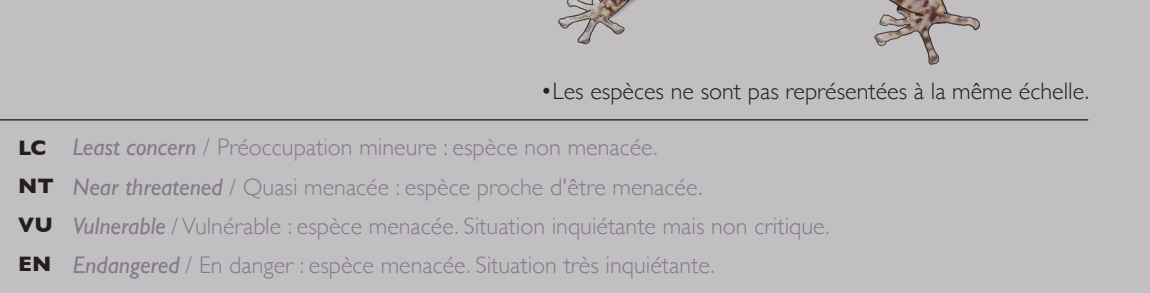
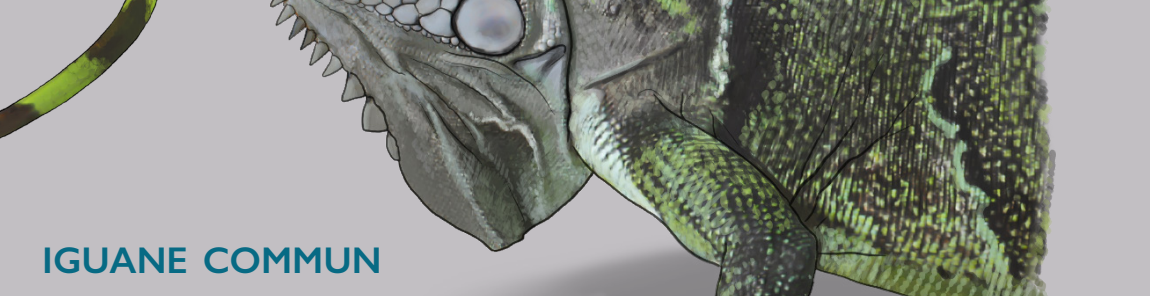
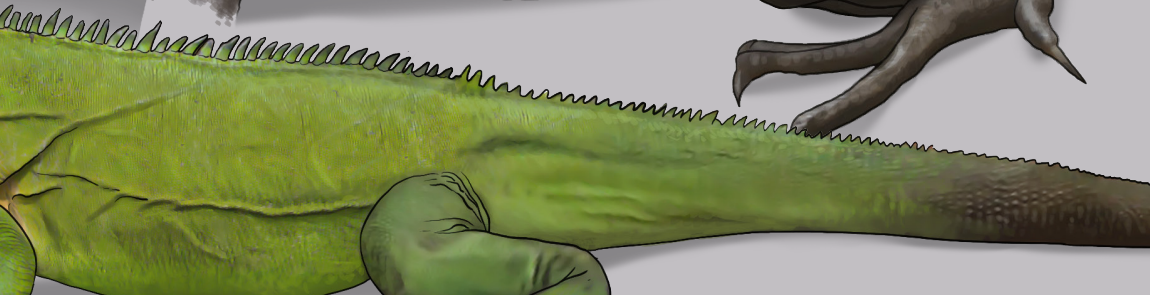
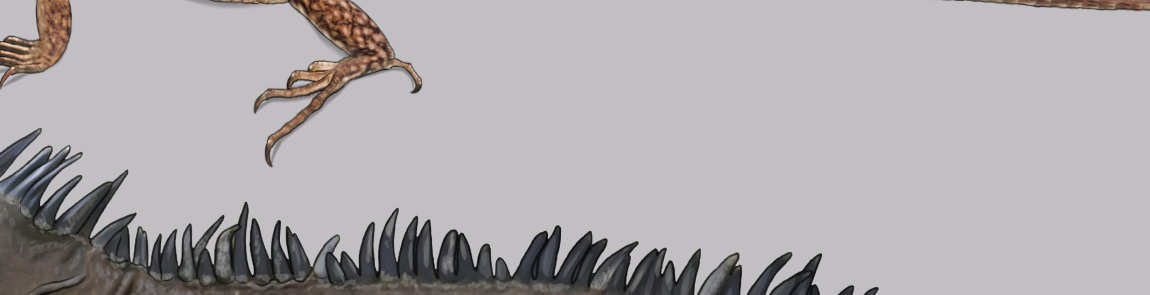
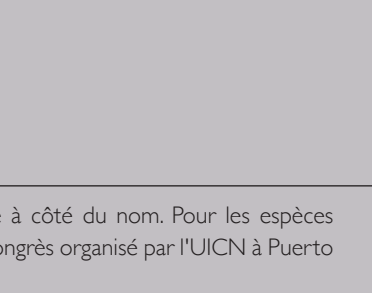
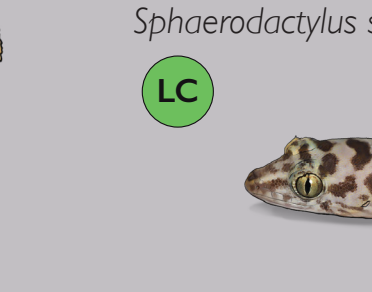
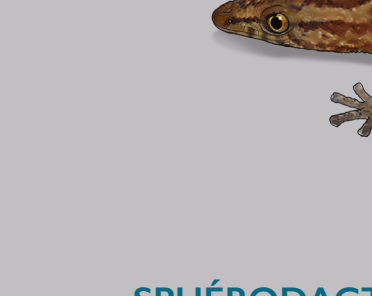
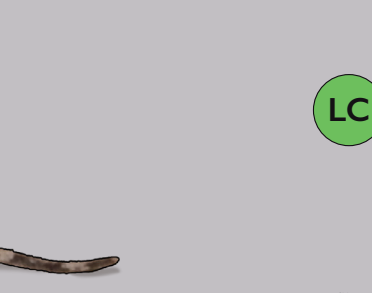
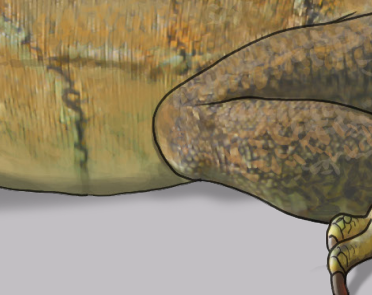
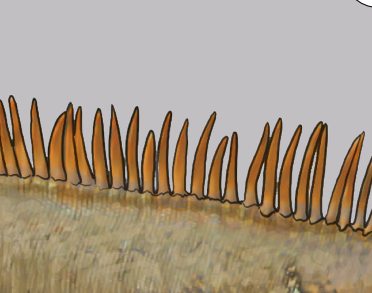
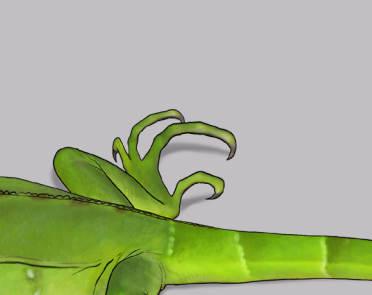
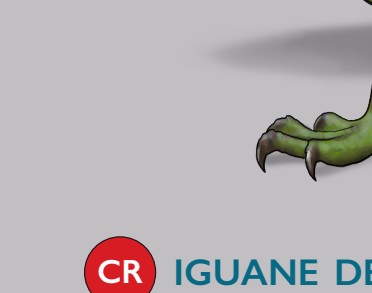
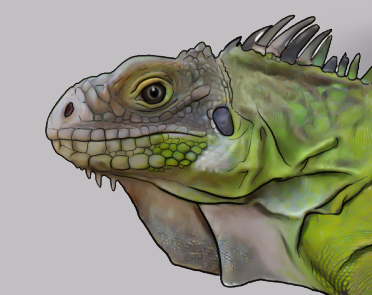
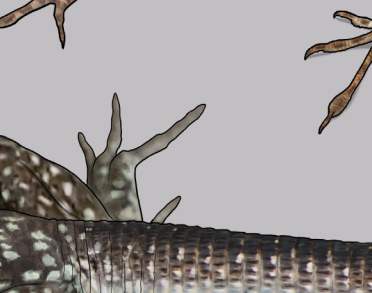
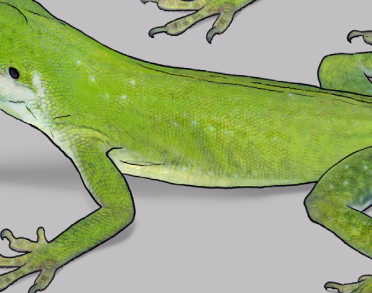
NA PLEURODÈME À
QUATRE-YEUX
Pleurodema brachyops



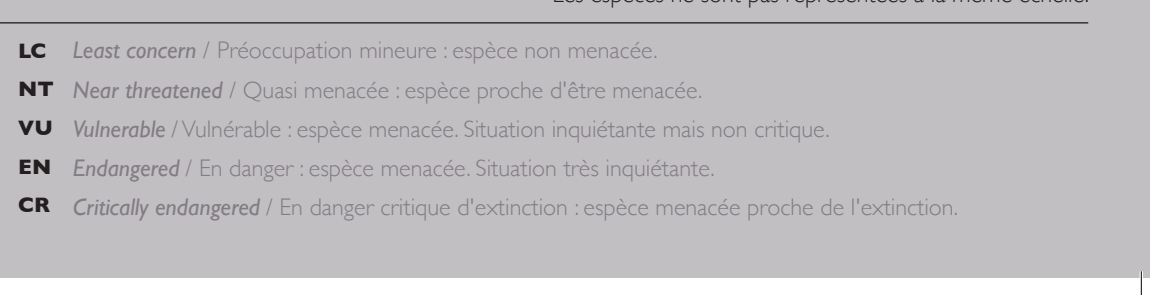
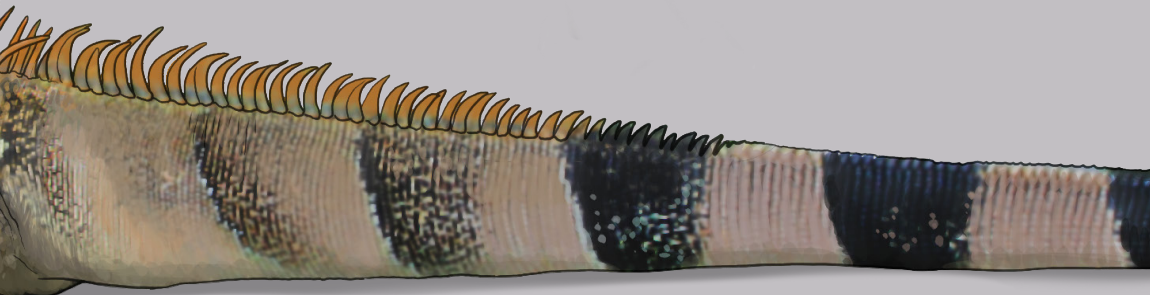
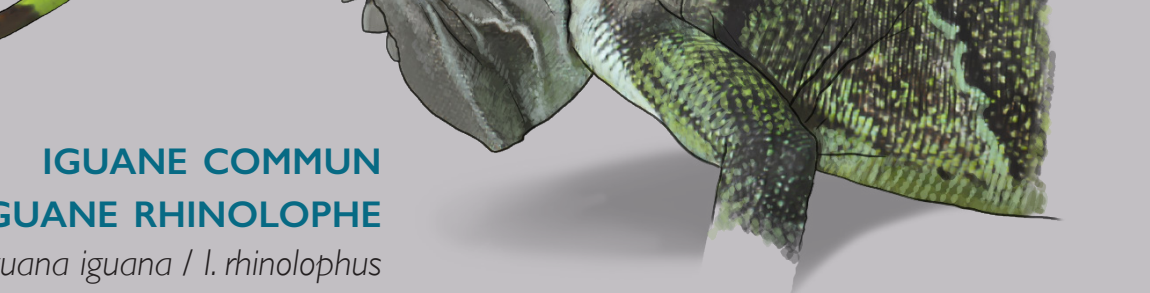
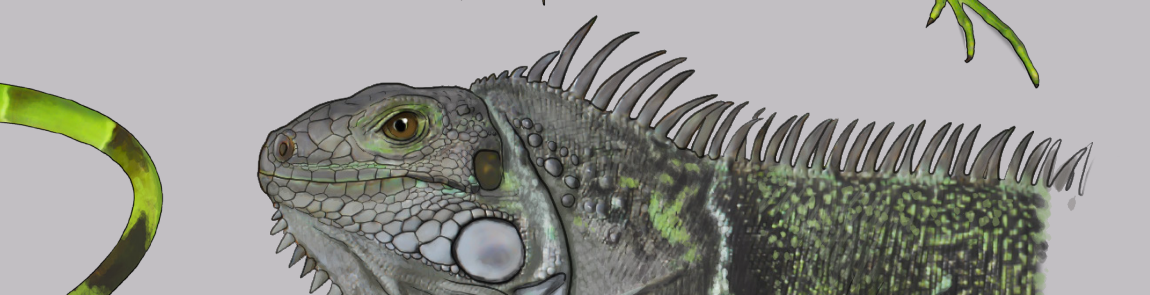
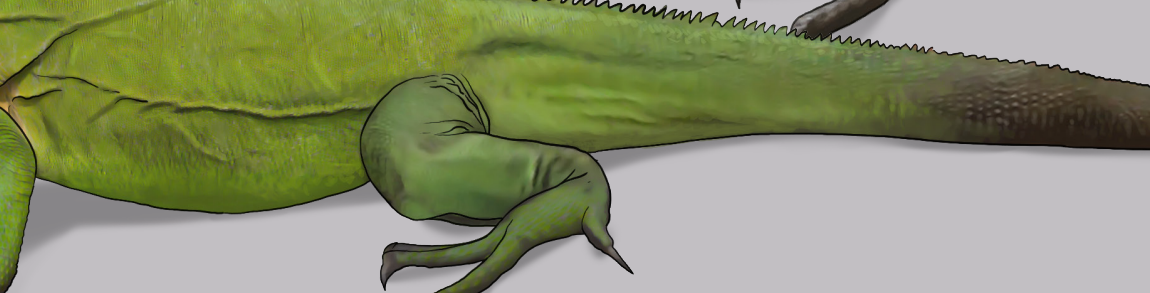
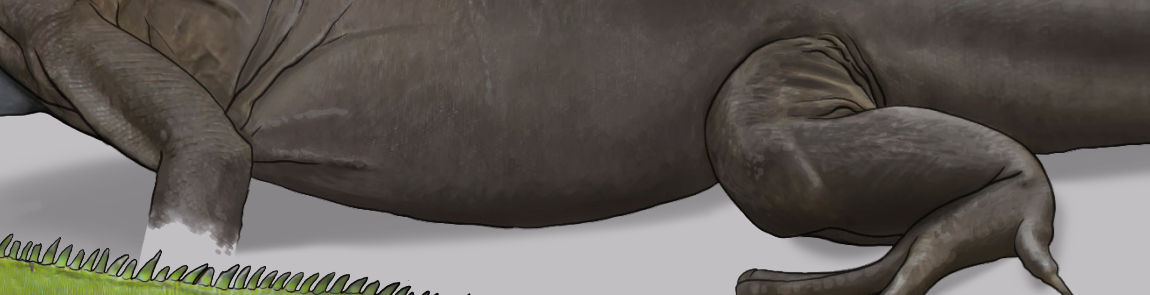
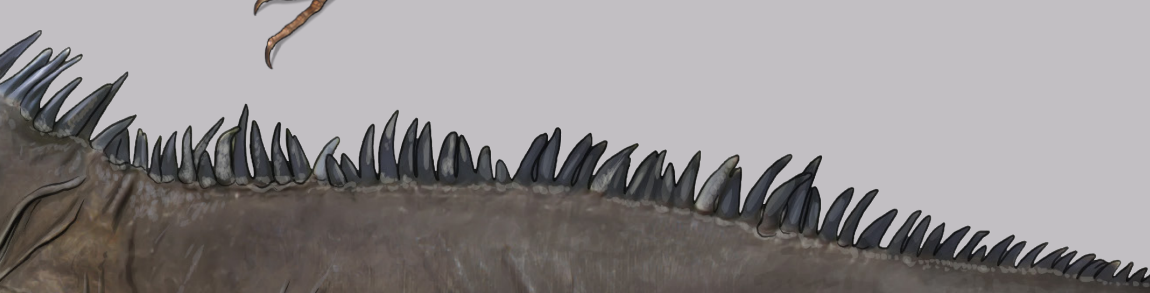
NA ANOLIS DE LA
CAROLINE
Anolis carolinensis



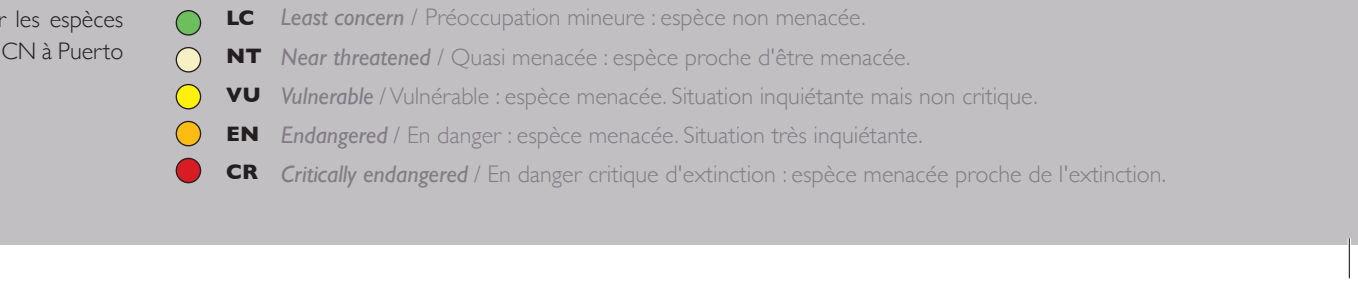
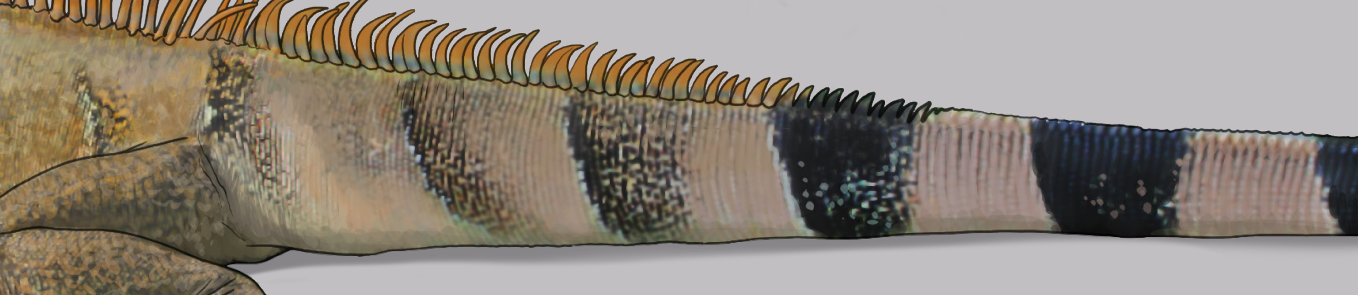
NA ANOLIS TACHETÉ
Ctenonotus bimaculatus



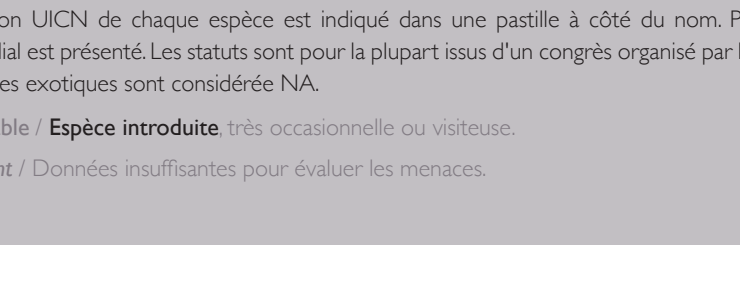
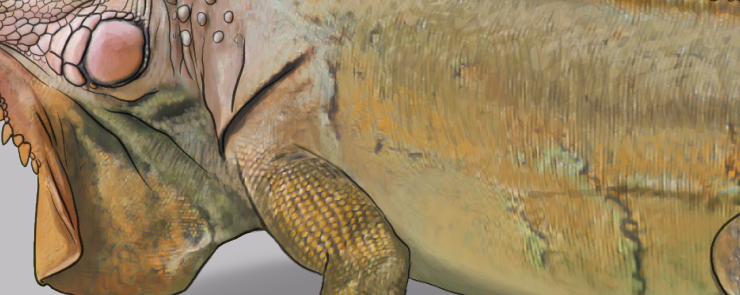
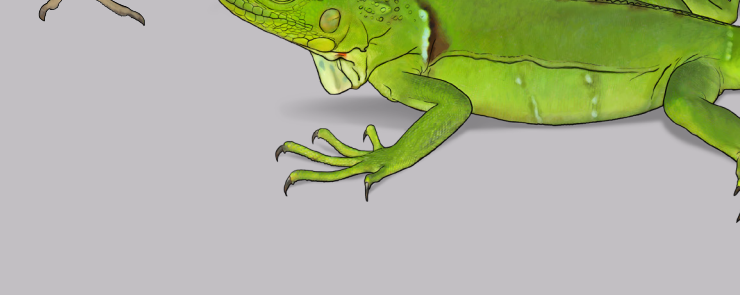
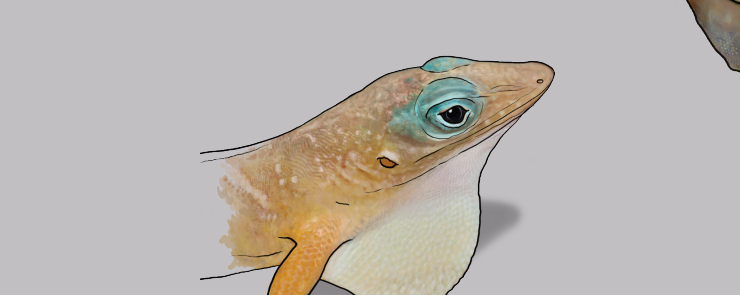
LC ANOLIS DU BANC D'ANGUILLA
Ctenonotus gingivinus



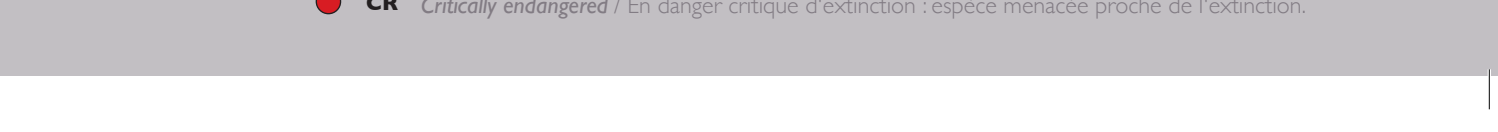
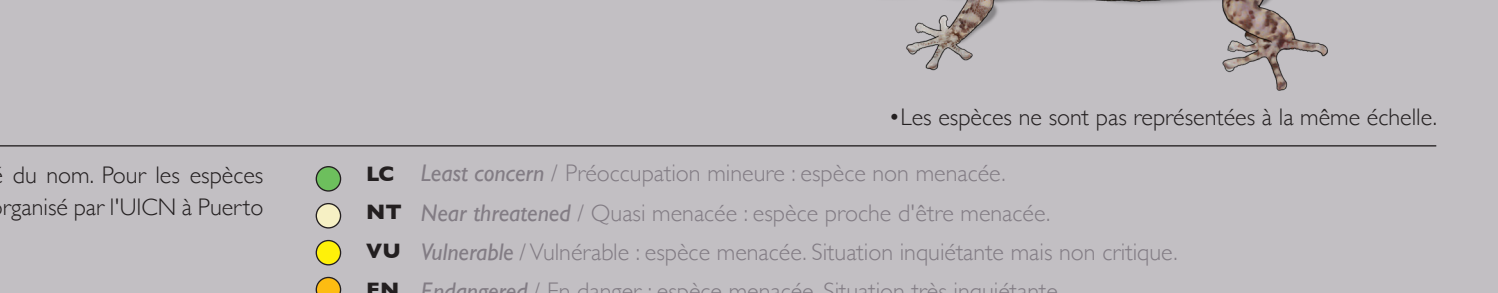
LC AMEIVE DE PLÉE / AMEIVE DU BANC D'ANGUILLA
Pholidoscelis plei



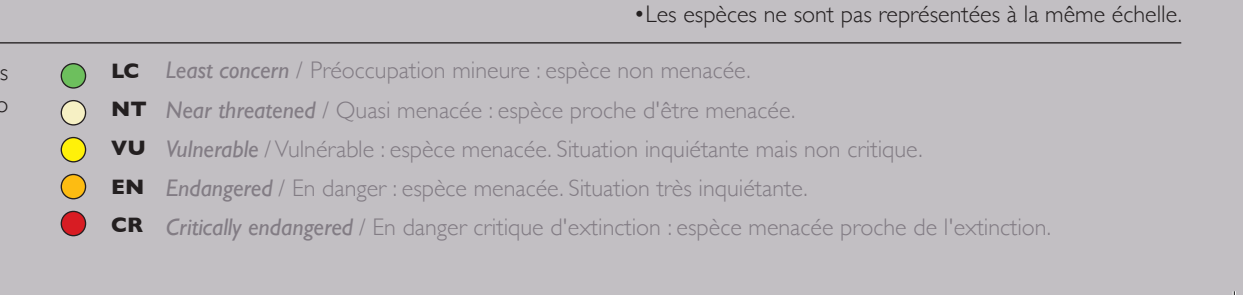
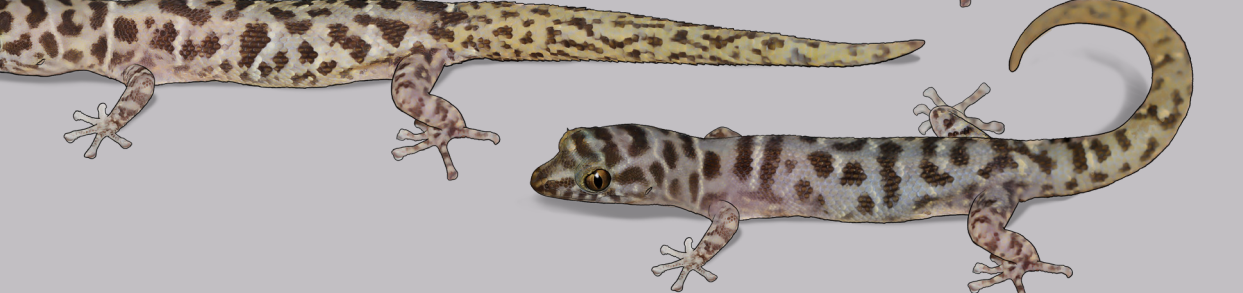
NA ANOLIS À CRÊTE DE PUERTO RICO
Ctenonotus cristatellus



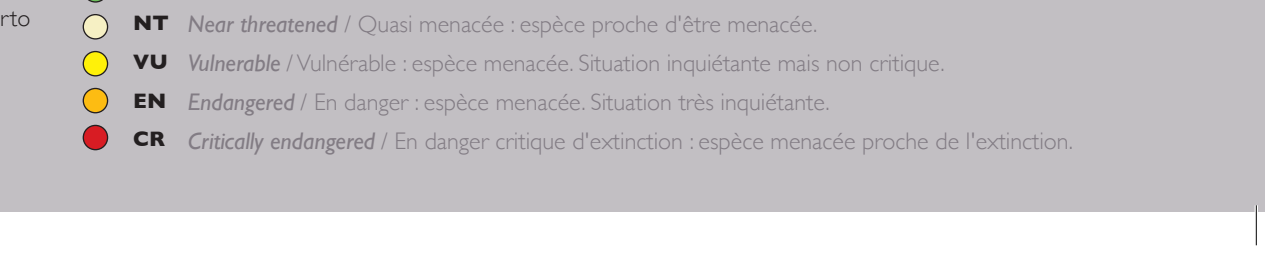
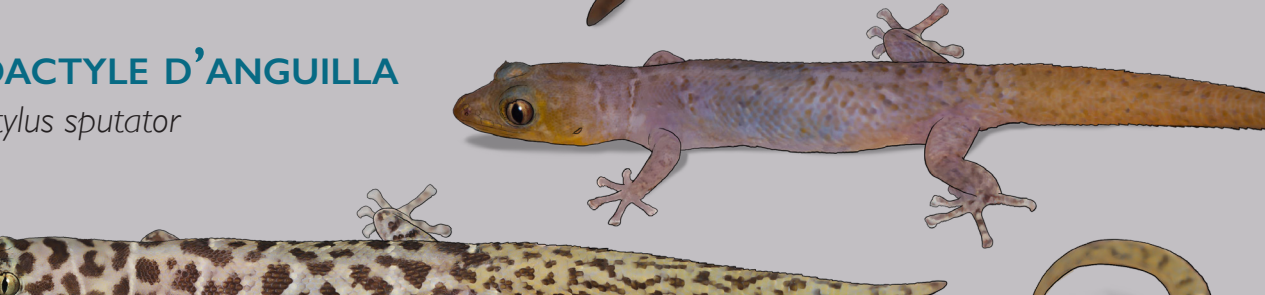
CR IGUANE DES PETITES ANTILLES
Iguana delicatissima



NA IGUANE COMMUN
IGUANE RHINOLOPHE
Iguana iguana / *I. rhinophyllus*

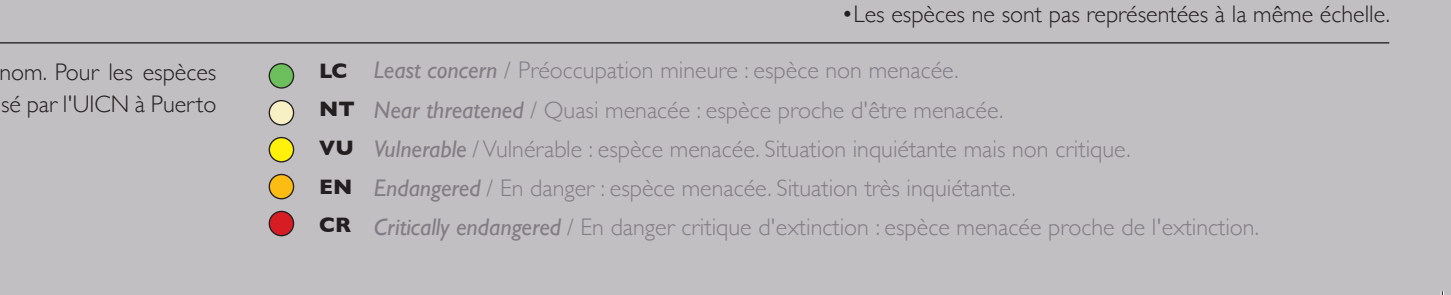
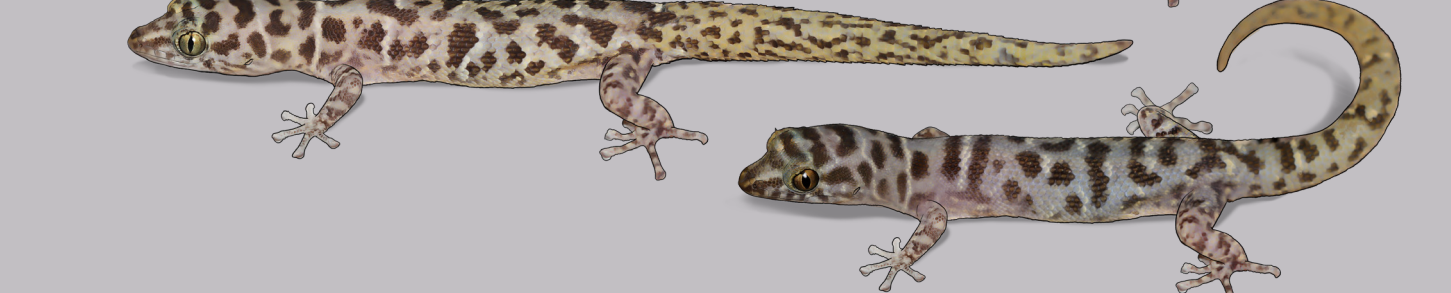


LC SPHÉRODUCTYLE
DE SAINT-MARTIN
Sphaerodactylus parvus

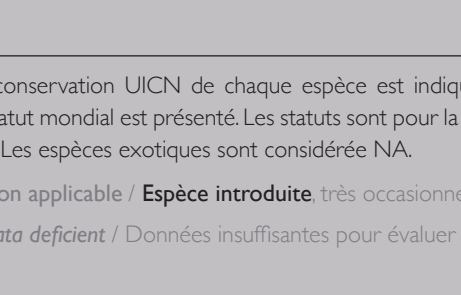


SPHÉRODUCTYLE D'ANGUILLA
Sphaerodactylus sputator

LC



NA GECKO DEMI-DEUIL
Lepidodactylus lugubris



NA TYPHLOPS BRAME
Indotyphlops braminus



Le statut de conservation UICN de chaque espèce est indiqué dans une pastille à côté du nom. Pour les espèces
indigènes le statut mondial est présenté. Les statuts sont pour la plupart issus d'un congrès organisé par l'UICN à Puerto
Rico en 2015. Les espèces exotiques sont considérées NA.

NA Non applicable / Espèce introduite, très occasionnelle ou vaineuse.
DD Data déficiente / Données insuffisantes pour évaluer les menaces.

LC Least concern / Préoccupation mineure : espèce non menacée.
NT Near threatened / Quasi menacée : espèce proche d'être menacée.
VU Vulnerable / Vulnérable : espèce menacée. Situation inquiétante mais non critique.
EN Endangered / En danger : espèce menacée. Situation très inquiétante.
CR Critically endangered / En danger critique d'extinction : espèce menacée proche de l'extinction.

*Les espèces ne sont pas représentées à la même échelle.